## **Quebec Biometric Legal Framework**

Regulatory Authority: Commission d'accès à l'information du Quebec (the "CAI") Relevant guidance from the CAI nder both the Quebec Privacy Act and the Quebec IT Act Biometric Information Biometric Systems Biometric Database According to the CAI, biometrics include:

• Morphological biometric based on the
identification of specific physical traits
including recognition of fingerprints, hand
including recognition of fingerprints, hand
certain behaviors of the person (including
signature tracing, vince, gait, typing on a
keyboard, etc.);

• Biological biometric based on the analysis of
a person's biological traces forciding DNA,
blood, alleb, write and colors). Obligations of Organizations\*
(in French only) (the "CAI's Biometric Guide") Collection, Use and/or Communication of Biometric Information The CAI has taken the position that in order to obtain valid consent, the consent must be: Manifest and express explicit and unambiguous, given by a positive gesture document; genement for a given of a document; or the constraint or under pressure.

Free: given without being influenced by constraint or under pressure that the constraint or under pressure.

Facts, with all the necessary information to understand its scope;

Specific limited to clearly defined objectives; an investigation of the constraint of the → See CAP's Consent Guidelines 2023-(in French only) (the "CAP's Consent Guidelines" → See CAP's Sample Biometric Consent Form Alternative Means of Identific in Case of Refusal Necessity Requirement Necessity & Proportionality Privacy Impact Assessment (PIA) Sensitive Personal Information Biometric Charateristics or Measurements

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